

Datasheet

For part no. and prices: see pricelist



VITODENS 050-W Type BPJD

Gas condensing combi boiler

With integral DHW heating

For natural gas and LPG

Product description



- Ⓐ Inox-Radial heat exchanger made from stainless steel – for high operational reliability, a long service life and high heating output on a very small footprint
- Ⓑ Modulating MatriX cylinder burner
- Ⓒ Integral diaphragm expansion vessel
- Ⓓ Variable speed combustion fan for quiet and economical operation
- Ⓔ Integral high efficiency circulation pump
- Ⓕ Plate heat exchanger for DHW heating
- Ⓖ Gas and water connections
- Ⓗ Control unit with display

With the Vitodens 050-W, Viessmann now offers an attractively priced wall mounted gas condensing boiler with proven quality. An extensive range of accessories makes the Vitodens 050-W equally suitable for either new build or modernisation. It is offered with two output ratings (6.5 to 24 kW and 8.8 to 33 kW), as a combi boiler with an integral instantaneous water heater.

An electronic boiler control unit for room temperature-dependent mode and weather-compensated mode is already integrated into the Vitodens 050-W, along with a frost stat. The outside temperature sensor is available as an accessory.

The Vitodens 050-W features a low level of operating noise and its components are accessible from the front for service and maintenance.

With a height of only 707 mm, the Vitodens 050-W is one of the smallest wall mounted boilers in its class. Its compact dimensions recommend it as a replacement for outdated boilers in multi storey buildings – including up to six boilers on different floors connected to one vertical flue system.

The high quality stainless steel Inox-Radial heat exchanger efficiently converts the supplied energy into heat. Its efficiency is 97 % (H_s) [gross cv]. The MatriX cylinder burner therefore consumes relatively little natural gas, with lower CO₂ emissions and less impact on the environment as a result.

Recommended applications

Property development, either modernisation or new build (replacement of water heaters in apartment buildings)

Benefits at a glance

- Standard seasonal efficiency [to DIN]: Up to 97 % (H_s [gross cv])
- Modulation range of 1:4
- Stainless steel MatriX cylinder burner and Inox-Radial heat exchanger
- Easy to operate control unit with display
- High DHW convenience thanks to DHW booster function
- Compact dimensions, ideal for replacement of old boilers

Factory setting

Wall mounted gas condensing boiler with Inox-Radial heat exchanger, modulating MatriX cylinder burner for natural gas and LPG to DVGW Code of Practice G260 [Germany], hydraulics with multi connect system and circulation pump.

Fully plumbed and wired. Colour of the epoxy-coated casing: white.

With diaphragm expansion vessel

Plate heat exchanger for DHW heating

Tested quality



CE designation according to current EC Directives

Meets the requirements for the "Blue Angel" eco-label RAL UZ 61.

Specification

Gas boiler, series B and C			
Category II _{2H3P} , II _{2ELWLS3P} , I _{2E(S)} , I _{3P} , II _{2ESi3P}			
Type		BPJD	
Rated heating output range (details to EN 677)			
$T_F/T_R = 50/30\text{ °C}$	kW	6.5 - 24.0	8.8 - 33.0
$T_F/T_R = 80/60\text{ °C}$	kW	5.9 - 22.1	8.0 - 30.3
Rated heating output range for DHW heating	kW	5.9 - 29.0	8.0 - 35.0
Rated heat input	kW	6.1 - 22.4	8.2 - 30.9
Product ID		CE-0085CP0029	
IP rating		IP X4D to EN 60529	
Efficiency			
– At rated heating output (100 % $T_F/T_R = 80/60\text{ °C}$)		97.6	97.5
– At partial load (30 % $T_F/T_R = 50/30\text{ °C}$)		108.5	108.7
Gas supply pressure			
Natural gas	mbar	20	20
	kPa	2	2
LPG	mbar	50	50
	kPa	5	5
Max. permissible gas supply pressure^{*1}			
Natural gas	mbar	25.0	25.0
	kPa	2.5	2.5
LPG	mbar	57.5	57.5
	kPa	5.75	5.75
Min. permiss. gas supply pressure			
Natural gas	mbar	10.0	10.0
	kPa	1.0	1.0
LPG	mbar	10.0	10.0
	kPa	1.0	1.0
Sound power level (to EN 15036-1)			
– At rated heating output		dB(A)	48
– At partial load		dB(A)	38
Power consumption			
– In the delivered condition		W	90
– Max.		W	110
Weight	kg	35	37
Heat exchanger capacity	l	2.2	2.8
Nominal circulation water volume	l/h	941	1294
Diaphragm expansion vessel			
Capacity	l	8	8
Pre-charge pressure	bar	0.8	0.8
	kPa	80	80
Permiss. operating pressure		bar	3
		MPa	0.3
Dimensions			
Length	mm	350	350
Width	mm	400	400
Height	mm	707	707
Gas connection	G	$\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{3}{4}$
Standby instantaneous water heater			
Hot and cold water connections	G	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
Permiss. operating pressure (DHW side)	bar	10	10
	MPa	1	1
Minimum pressure, cold water connection	bar	1.0	1.0
	MPa	0.1	0.1
Outlet temperature, adjustable	°C	30-60	30-60
Continuous DHW output	kW	29.0	35.0
Draw-off rate	l/min	3.0-12.0	3.0-14.3
For DHW heating from 10 to 45 °C			
Specific flow rate	l/min	13.8	16.7
At $\Delta T = 30\text{ K}$ (to EN 13203)			
Connection values			
relative to max. load			
With gas			
Natural gas E	m ³ /h	2.4	3.3
LPG P	kg/h	1.8	2.4

^{*1} If the gas supply pressure is higher than the maximum permissible value, install a separate gas pressure governor upstream of the system.

Specification (cont.)

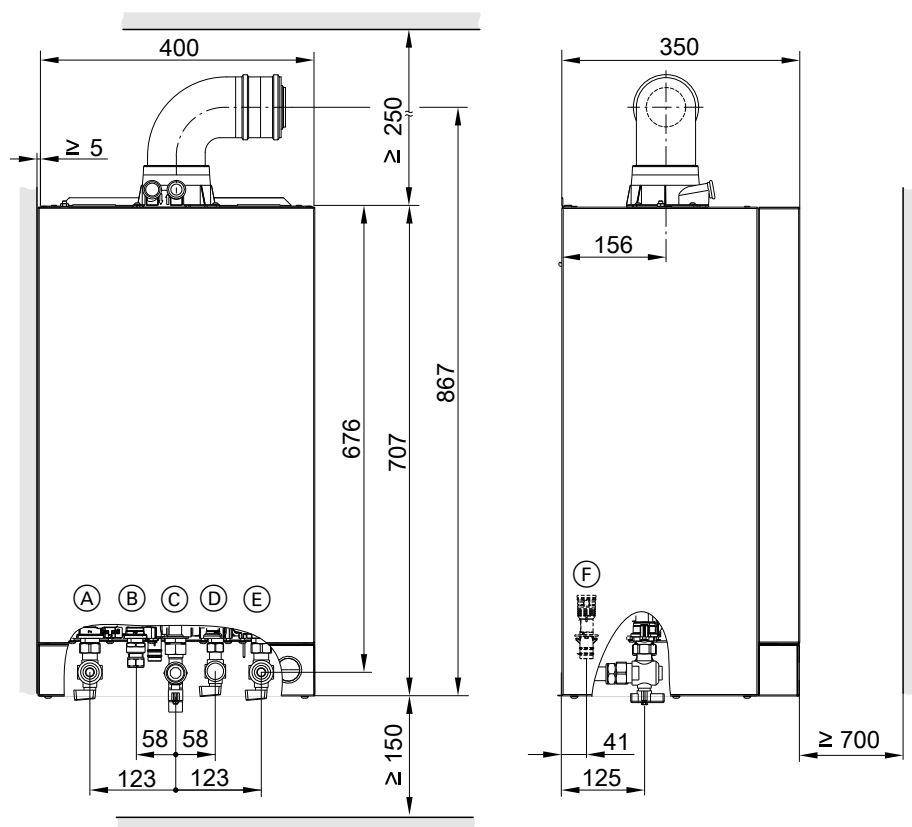
Gas boiler, series B and C			
Category II _{2H3P} , II _{2ELwLs3P} , I _{2E(S)} , I _{3P} , II _{2ESi3P}			
Type		BPJD	
Rated heating output range (details to EN 677)			
T_F/T_R = 50/30 °C	kW	6.5 - 24.0	8.8 - 33.0
T_F/T_R = 80/60 °C	kW	5.9 - 22.1	8.0 - 30.3
Flue gas parameters^{*2}			
Flue gas category to G 635/G 636		G ₅₂ /G ₅₁	G ₅₂ /G ₅₁
Temperature (at a return temperature of 30 °C)			
– At rated heating output	°C	45	45
– At partial load	°C	35	35
Temperature (at a return temperature of 60 °C)			
	°C	68	70
Mass flow rate			
Natural gas			
– At rated heating output (DHW heating)	kg/h	38.1	52.4
– At partial load	kg/h	14.6	17.6
LPG			
– At rated heating output (DHW heating)	kg/h	42.9	58.9
– At partial load	kg/h	15.9	19.4
Available draught			
	Pa	100	100
	mbar	1.0	1.0
Standard seasonal efficiency [to DIN]			
At T _F /T _R = 40/30 °C	%	Up to 97 (H _s [gross cv])	
Max. amount of condensate			
To DWA-A 251	l/h	3.1	4.3
Condensate connection (hose nozzle)	Ø mm	20-24	20-24
Flue outlet	Ø mm	60	60
Ventilation air connection	Ø mm	100	100
Energy efficiency class			
– Heating		A	A
– DHW heating, draw-off profile L		A	A

^{*2} Calculation values for sizing the flue system to EN 13384.

Flue gas temperatures as actual gross values at 20 °C combustion air temperature.

The flue gas temperature at a return temperature of 30 °C is significant for the sizing of the flue system.

The flue gas temperature at a return temperature of 60 °C is used to determine the application range of flue pipes with maximum permissible operating temperatures.



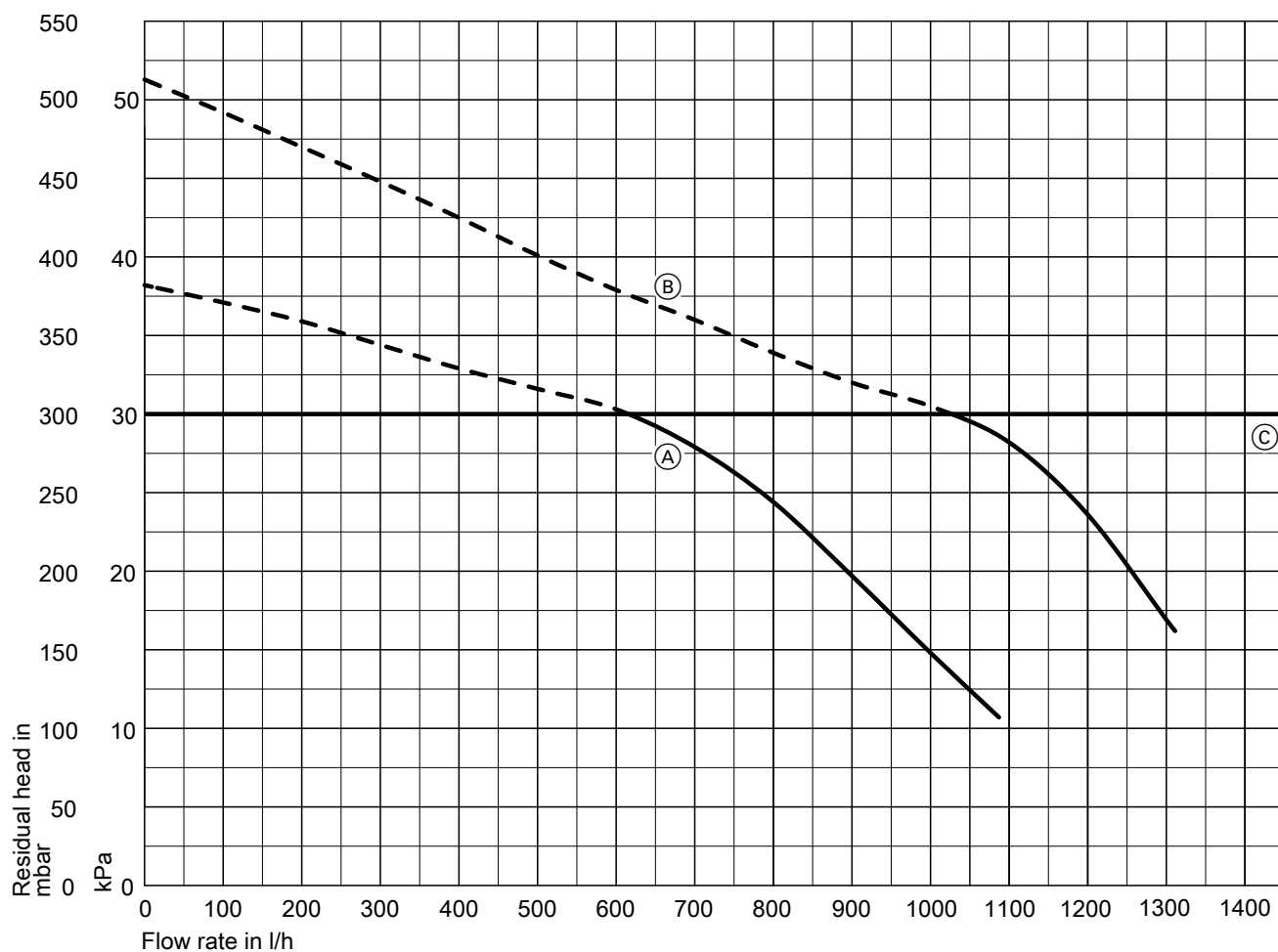
- (A) Heating flow G $\frac{3}{4}$
 (B) DHW G $\frac{1}{2}$
 (C) Gas connection G $\frac{3}{4}$
 (D) Cold water G $\frac{1}{2}$
 (E) Heating return G $\frac{3}{4}$
 (F) Condensate drain/drain safety valve: plastic hose \varnothing 22 mm

Note

Height details in combination with a flue gas/ventilation air bend Ø 60/100 mm. In combination with a balanced flue inspection bend Ø 60/100 mm, the total height is reduced by 10 mm.

Specification (cont.)

Residual head of the integral circulation pump



- (A) 6.5 to 24 kW
 (B) 8.8 to 33 kW

(C) Upper operational limit

Installation accessories

Mounting frame for installation on finished walls

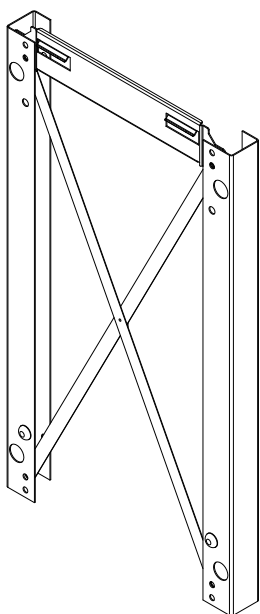
Part no. ZK01 500

Installed depth 50 mm

Comprising:

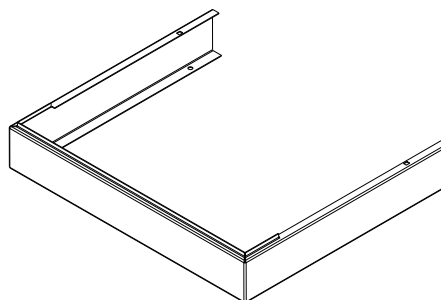
- Fixings

Installation accessories (cont.)



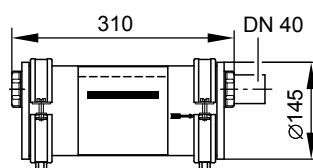
Valve/fitting cover

- For installation without mounting frame
Part no. 7835 443
- For installation with mounting frame
Part no. ZK01 501



Neutralising system

Part no. 7252 666
With neutralising granulate



Neutralising granulate

Part no. 9524 670
2 x 1.3 kg

Design information

Siting

Siting conditions for open flue operation (appliance type B)

Type B₂₃ and B₃₃

In rooms where **air contamination from halogenated hydrocarbons** may occur, such as hairdressing salons, printing shops, chemical cleaners, laboratories, etc., operate the Vitodens only as a room sealed system.

If in doubt, please contact us.

Never install the Vitodens in areas subject to very dusty conditions. The installation location must be kept free from frost and must be adequately ventilated.

Provide a condensate drain and a discharge pipe for the safety valve in the installation room.

Design information (cont.)

The maximum ambient temperature of the system should not exceed 45 °C.

If these instructions are not observed, any consequential appliance damage directly related to any of these causes is excluded from our warranty.

Installation room

Permissible:

- Siting on the same floor
- Living space with interconnected room air supply
- Adjacent rooms with interconnected room air supply (larders, basements, utility rooms, etc.)
- Adjacent rooms with apertures to the outside, up to 35 kW: supply air/extract air 150 cm² or 2 x 75 cm² each at the top and bottom of the same wall
- Attic rooms, but only with adequate minimum chimney height, acc. to DIN 18160 – 4 m above inlet (negative pressure operation).

Not permissible:

- Stairwells and communal hallways. Exception: detached and two-family houses of low height: top edge of top storey floor < 7 m above ground level
- Bathrooms and toilets without outside windows with shaft ventilation
- Rooms where explosive or flammable materials are stored
- Rooms that are ventilated mechanically or via individual duct systems to DIN 18117-1

Observe all local fire regulations.

Connection on the flue gas side

For further details, see the technical guide on flue systems for the Vitodens.

The connection piece to the chimney should be as short as possible. Therefore position the Vitodens as closely to the chimney as possible.

No special protective measures or clearances towards combustible objects, e.g. furniture, packaging, etc., need to be taken/observed. The surface temperatures of the Vitodens and the flue system do not exceed 85 °C at any point.

Extractors

When installing appliances with extraction to the outside (cooker hoods, extractor fans, etc.), ensure that air extraction will not create negative pressure inside the installation room. A return flow of flue gases could result if the ventilation system and the Vitodens are operated simultaneously. In such cases, install an **interlock circuit**.

Operation of the Vitodens in wet rooms

Installation of the Vitodens is permitted in wet rooms (e.g. bath or shower rooms).

When installing the Vitodens in wet rooms, observe the safety zones and minimum wall clearances according to VDE 0100 [or local regulations] (see also "Electrical safety zone").

- Room sealed operation:
 - Protection rating IP X4 D, splashproof
 - The appliances may be installed in safety zone 1 if hosed water (e.g. from massage showers) is prevented.
- Open flue operation:
 - The appliances must not be installed in safety zone 1 or safety zone 2.

Installation conditions for room sealed operation (appliance type C)

Type C₁₃, C₃₃, C₄₃, C₆₃, C₈₃ or C₉₃ to TRGI 2008

The Vitodens can be installed for **room sealed operation independent** of the size and ventilation of the installation room.

Suitable siting locations include:

- Recreational rooms and other living spaces
- Ancillary rooms without their own ventilation
- Cupboards (open at the top)
- Recesses without compulsory clearance towards combustible materials
- Attic rooms (pitched attics and long panes) where the balanced flue pipe can be routed directly through the roof

Since the flue pipe connection for room sealed operation is surrounded by combustion air (coaxial pipe), no clearances towards combustible materials need be maintained.

Ventilation air ducts previously used for oil or solid fuel boilers must not have any sulphur or soot deposits on the inside surfaces of the chimney. Sulphur and soot deposits cause faults. It is essential that a balanced flue pipe is routed along the shaft if thorough cleaning cannot be ensured. Alternatively, a separately routed balanced flue can be laid. Viessmann accepts no liability for damages caused by a failure to observe these stipulations.

For further details, see the technical guide on flue systems for the Vitodens.

The installation area must be safe from the risk of frost.

Provide a condensate drain and a discharge pipe for the safety valve in the installation room.

Electrical interlocks for extractors (extractor hoods, etc.) are not required with room sealed operation.

Use of third party flue systems

Every approved flue system can be used for type C_{63x}. These flue systems have not been tested together with the boilers and do not have system certification to EC Gas Appliances Directive 2009/142/EC. If using such flue systems, observe Viessmann's specifications relating to installation conditions and sizing (diameters and max. flue lengths).

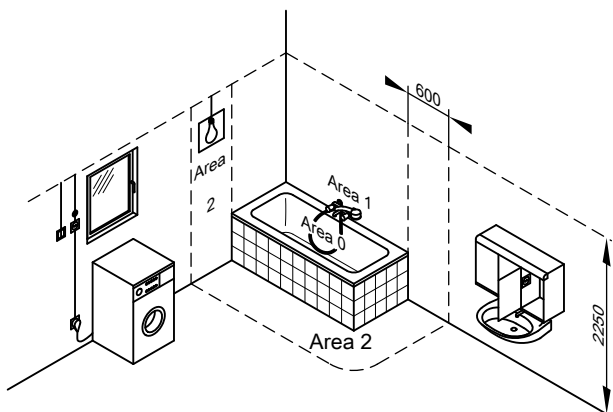
Installation in a garage

Tests carried out by the Gaswärme-Institut e.V., Essen, have confirmed that the Vitodens is suitable for installation in garages.

When installing this boiler in a garage, maintain a clearance between the floor and the burner of at least 500 mm. Install a frame or deflector (provided on site) to protect the boiler against mechanical damage.

Design information (cont.)

Electrical safety zone



Electrical equipment in rooms containing a bathtub or a shower must be installed in such a way that users cannot be exposed to dangerous body currents.

VDE 0100 specifies that cables supplying permanently installed consumers in zones 1 and 2 should only be run vertically and routed into the equipment from the back.

Electrical connection

The power supply must comply with the requirements of your local power supply utility and current VDE [or local] regulations. Protect the power cable with a fuse with a maximum rating of 10 A. We recommend installing an AC/DC-sensitive RCD (RCD class B) for DC (fault) currents that can occur with energy efficient equipment.

Make the power supply (230 V~, 50 Hz) via a permanent connection. In the delivered condition, the power cable is connected.

The accessories are connected at the terminals on the underside of the appliance.

Recommended leads/cables

2-core min. 0.75 mm² for:

- Outside temperature sensor
- Vitotrol 100, type RT LV

- Vitotrol 100, type UTA LV
- Vitotrol 100, type UTDB

Gas connection

Gas installations must only be carried out by a registered gas fitter authorised by the relevant gas supply utility. Connect and size the mains gas according to TRGI 2008 or TRF 1996 [or local regulations].

Max. test pressure 150 mbar (15 kPa).

We recommend installing a gas filter to DIN 3386 in the gas line.

Minimum clearances

Maintain a clearance of 700 mm in front of the Vitodens for maintenance purposes.

No maintenance clearances are required to the left or right of the Vitodens.

Connections on the water side

Connections on the DHW side

The instantaneous water heater provides direct DHW heating.

When using galvanised pipes, please note that the instantaneous water heater is designed as a stainless steel plate heat exchanger with copper solder joints (observe the flow rule).

In existing installations (modernisation projects), the risk of electrolytic corrosion is low, since a protective layer will have formed on the inside of the pipes.

From a water hardness of 20 °dH and higher, we recommend the use of a water treatment system in the cold water line when heating DHW.

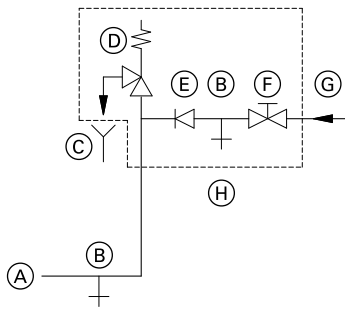
Information on water quality

During DHW heating, settling of lime on the surfaces of the plate heat exchanger cannot be completely prevented. The tendency towards limescale build-up depends on various conditions, predominantly on the substances contained in the water, the amount of water that is heated (DHW consumption) and the DHW temperature. Although scale deposits inside the plate heat exchanger are generally minor enough not to cause any reduction in DHW output, such impairment cannot be excluded with increased water hardness. From a water hardness of 20 °dH (3.5 mol/m³) and higher, we therefore recommend the use of DHW cylinders with internal indirect coils or a water treatment system in the cold water supply when heating DHW.

Please note that regional water supply utilities frequently specify an average water hardness. Higher levels of water hardness may therefore occur from time to time. This may make the use of a water treatment facility advisable even from 17 °dH (> 3.0 mol/m³) upwards.

Design information (cont.)

Cold water installation



- (A) Cold water connection, boiler
- (B) Drain
- (C) Visible discharge pipe outlet point (tundish)
- (D) Safety valve
- (E) Non-return valve
- (F) Shut-off valve
- (G) Cold water
- (H) Safety assembly

A safety valve to DIN 1988 is only required if the mains water supply pressure exceeds 10 bar (1 MPa) and no DHW pressure reducing valve is installed (to DIN 4753).

Install a safety valve if the cold water supply is equipped with a non-return valve. In addition remove the toggle from the cold water shut-off valve.

Non-return valves are commonly found in pressure reducers and combined shut-off and non-return valves.

DHW circulation for gas condensing combi boilers

Due to the low water content of plate heat exchangers, the connection of DHW circulation pipes is **not recommended** for gas condensing combi boilers.

Condensate connection

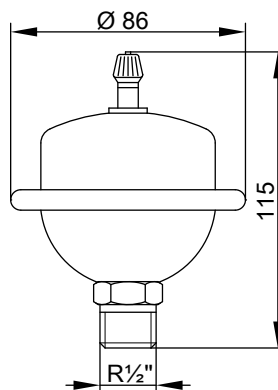
Route the condensate drain pipe with a constant fall.

Route the condensate from the flue system together with the boiler condensate directly or (if installed) via a neutralising system (accessories) to the public sewage system.

Note

A pipe vent valve **must** be installed between the trap and the neutralising system.

Shock arrestor



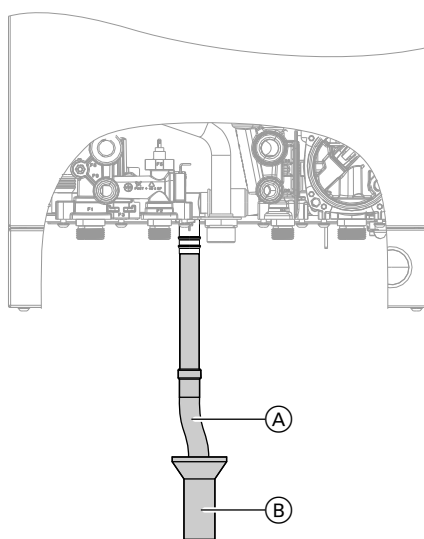
If the pipework to which the Vitodens is connected also supplies draw-off points at which water hammers may occur (e.g. pressure washers, washing machines or dishwashers): Install shock arrestors near the source of the water hammer (recommended).

Flexofit S made by Flamco-Flexcon

or

Reflex made by Winkelmann + Pannhoff GmbH
(available from your local dealer).

Even the low heat losses of thermally insulated DHW circulation lines (to EnEV) lead to a higher cycling frequency for the gas condensing combi boiler (reheating).



- (A) Drain hose (Vitodens standard delivery)
- (B) Tundish kit (accessories)

Design information (cont.)

Condensate drain and neutralisation

During heating operation, condensate with pH values between 4 and 5 is formed in the condensing boiler and in the flue.

The condensate should be drained in accordance with appropriate regulations.

Code of Practice DWA-A 251 on "Condensate from condensing boilers", which is generally based on the local waste water regulations [in Germany], determines conditions for draining condensate from condensing boilers into the public sewer system.

The composition of condensate drained from Vitodens condensing boilers meets the requirements specified in Code of Practice DWA-A 251.

The condensate drain pipe to the sewer connection must be freely accessible for inspection.

It must be installed with a continuous fall and must contain a stench trap. Also provide a suitable facility for sampling.

Condensate drains must only be made from corrosion-resistant materials (e.g. reinforced hoses).

Never use any zinc-plated materials or those containing copper for pipes, connection pieces, etc.

A siphon is installed in the condensate drain to prevent flue gases escaping.

Local water regulations and/or specific technical circumstances may prescribe designs which vary from those described in the above Codes of Practice.

Contact your local authority responsible for waste water management in good time prior to installation, to find out about local regulations.

Condensate from gas combustion equipment up to 200 kW combustion output

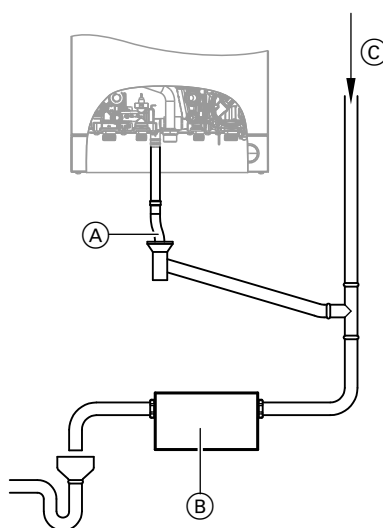
Up to a rated heating output of 200 kW, the condensate from a gas condensing boiler can generally be introduced into the public sewage system without prior neutralisation.

Domestic drainage systems must be made from materials that are resistant to acidic condensate.

According to the Code of Practice DWA-A 251, these materials include:

- Clay pipes
- Hard PVC pipes
- PVC pipes
- PE HD pipes
- PP pipes
- ABS/ASA pipes
- Stainless steel pipes
- Borosilicate pipes

Neutralising system



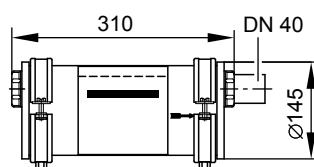
- (A) Condensate drain
- (B) Neutralising system
- (C) Ventilation via the roof

The Vitodens can (if required) be supplied with a separate neutralising system (accessories). Any condensate is piped to and processed in the neutralising system.

The condensate drain pipe to the sewer connection must be accessible for inspection. Install it with a fall and a stench trap on the sewer side, and provide a suitable facility for extracting samples. Install a condensate lifting pump if the Vitodens has been installed below the waste water anti-flooding level.

Since the consumption of neutralising granulate depends on the operating mode of the system, carry out regular checks during the first year of operation to determine the required top-up volume. One fill can last longer than one year.

Neutralising system



Hydraulic connection

General information

System design

Viessmann condensing boilers can generally be installed in any fully pumped hot water heating system (sealed unvented system).

The circulation pump is an integral part of the appliance.

Minimum system pressure 1.0 bar (0.1 MPa).

The boiler water temperature is limited to 80 °C.

To minimise distribution losses, we recommend sizing the heat distribution system to a max. flow temperature of 70 °C.

Due to the immediate capturing of the room-influencing factors, we recommend using the Vitodens in conjunction with the Vitotrol 100 for apartments with less than 80 m² living space or for low energy houses with a low heat demand.

Chemical anti-corrosion agents

In correctly installed and operated sealed unvented heating systems corrosion is generally avoided.

Never use chemical anti-corrosion additives.

Some manufacturers of plastic pipes recommend the use of chemical additives. In such cases, only use anti-corrosion additives offered by the heating trade that have been approved for boilers with DHW heating via single-walled heat exchangers (instantaneous water heater or DHW cylinder).

For this, observe the VDI guideline 2035 [or local regulations].

Heating circuits

For heating systems with plastic pipes, we recommend the use of impermeable pipes to prevent the diffusion of oxygen through the pipe walls.

Install a dirt separator in underfloor heating systems.

Design information (cont.)

Install a temperature limiter in the flow of the underfloor heating circuit to restrict the maximum temperature. Observe the requirements of DIN 18560-2 [or local regulations].

Plastic pipework for radiators

We also recommend the use of a temperature limiter to restrict the maximum temperature for plastic pipework in heating circuits with radiators.

Attic heating centre

The installation of a low water indicator, compulsory according to the DVGW [Germany], is not required when installing boilers in an attic heating centre.

The boilers are protected against water shortage in accordance with EN 12828.

Safety valve

A safety valve in accordance with TRD 721 is integrated in the Vitodens (opening pressure 3 bar (0.3 MPa)).

Route the discharge pipe in accordance with EN 12828 into a drain outlet (drain outlet kit available as an accessory). The drain outlet incorporates a siphon as a stench trap.

Low water indicator

According to EN 12828, a low water indicator can be omitted for boilers up to 300 kW, as long as heating can be reliably prevented when there is a water shortage.

Viessmann condensing boilers are equipped with a low water indicator (boil-dry protection). Tests have verified that the burner will be automatically switched off in the event of water shortage due to a leak in the heating system and simultaneous burner operation, before the boiler or the flue system reaches unacceptably high temperatures.

Water quality/frost protection

Unsuitable fill and top-up water increases the level of deposits and corrosion and may lead to boiler damage.

Observe VDI 2035 [or local regulations] regarding quality and amount of heating water, including fill and top-up water.

- Flush the heating system thoroughly before filling.
- Only fill with water of potable quality.
- Fill and top-up water with a water hardness in excess of the following values must be softened, e.g. with the small softening system for heating water (see the Viessmann Vitoset pricelist):

Total permissible hardness of the fill and top-up water

Total heating output kW	Specific system volume		
	< 20 l/kW	≥ 20 l/kW to < 50 l/kW	≥ 50 l/kW
≤ 50	≤ 3.0 mol/m ³ (16.8 °dH)	≤ 2.0 mol/m ³ (11.2 °dH)	< 0.02 mol/m ³ (0.11 °dH)
> 50 to ≤ 200	≤ 2.0 mol/m ³ (11.2 °dH)	≤ 1.5 mol/m ³ (8.4 °dH)	< 0.02 mol/m ³ (0.11 °dH)

- For systems with a specific system volume in excess of 20 l/kW heating output, use the output of the smallest boiler in multi boiler systems.
- Special antifreeze (category 1 to 3) suitable for heating systems can be added to the fill water. The antifreeze manufacturer must verify its suitability, since otherwise damage to gaskets and diaphragms can occur as well as noisy heating operation. Viessmann accepts no liability for any resulting damage or consequential losses.

When designing the system, observe the following:

- Install shut-off valves in each section. This prevents the need for draining all the heating water in the case of repairs or system expansion.
- In systems > 50 kW, install a water meter to record the volume of fill and top-up water. Record the amount of water filled into the system and the water hardness.

Operating information:

- Commission the system step by step, starting with the lowest boiler output and a high heating water flow rate. This prevents localised concentration of limescale deposits on the heating surfaces.
- In multi boiler systems, start all boilers simultaneously to prevent the total amount of limescale deposits settling in the heat exchanger of just one boiler.
- During expansion or repair work, only drain the necessary pipe-work sections.
- Where water treatment is required, treat even the first fill of the heating system prior to commissioning. This also applies to any subsequent filling, e.g. when adding top-up water or after a repair, or for any system expansion.
- Check, clean and activate filters, dirt traps and other blow down or separating facilities in the heating water circuit more frequently after commissioning and in new installations. Later on this can be carried out subject to the requirements of the water treatment applied (e.g. water softening).

Installation examples

Never install the Vitodens 050-W in dual mode systems with solid fuel boilers.

Expansion vessels

In accordance with EN 12828, water heating systems must be equipped with a pressure expansion vessel.

Determine the size of the expansion vessel to be installed in accordance with EN 12828.

If the integral expansion vessel is insufficient, install a suitably sized expansion vessel on site.

Note

When hydraulically connecting the diaphragm expansion vessel, there must always be a connection between the diaphragm expansion vessel and the heat generator. For example, when the thermostatic valves are closed and if the 3-way diverter valve is set to DHW heating.

Intended use

The appliance is intended solely for installation and operation in sealed unvented heating systems that comply with EN 12828, with due attention paid to the associated installation, service and operating instructions. It is only designed for heating up heating water that is of potable water quality.

Intended use presupposes that a fixed installation in conjunction with permissible, system-specific components has been carried out.

Commercial or industrial usage for a purpose other than heating the building or DHW shall be deemed inappropriate.

Any usage beyond this must be approved by the manufacturer in each individual case.

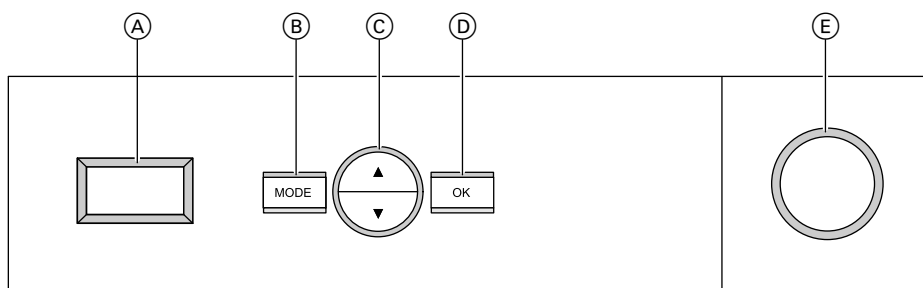
Incorrect usage or operation of the appliance (e.g. the appliance being opened by the system user) is prohibited and will result in an exclusion of liability. Incorrect usage also occurs if the components in the heating system are modified from their intended use (e.g. if the flue gas and ventilation air paths are sealed).

Control unit

Control unit for constant temperature or weather-compensated operation

Structure and functions

Structure



- (A) Display
- (B) Button for selecting/exiting a function
- (C) Buttons for changing/selecting a value

- (D) Button for accepting a value/confirming a selection
- (E) Pressure gauge

Programming unit:

- Adjustment of:
 - DHW temperature
 - Boiler water temperature or room temperature
 - Parameters
 - Service functions
 - Reset function
- Display of:
 - Boiler water temperature
 - DHW temperature
 - Operating states
 - Diagnostic details
 - Fault messages

Functions

- In conjunction with room temperature controller:
 - Room temperature-dependent control of boiler water temperature and/or flow temperature
- In conjunction with outside temperature sensor:
 - Weather-compensated control of boiler water temperature and/or flow temperature
- Control of a heating circuit without mixer
- Electronic maximum temperature limiter (permanently set)
- Demand-dependent heating circuit pump and burner shutdown control
- Pump anti-seizing protection
- Frost protection monitoring of the boiler
- Integral diagnostic system

Control characteristics

PI characteristics with modulating output

Time switch

A separate time switch (accessories) is available for installation in the control unit support

Setting the operating programs

The boiler frost protection (see frost protection function) applies to all operating programs.

The following operating programs can be selected by changing the set value:

- Heating and DHW
- Only DHW

Frost protection function

Only in conjunction with an outside temperature sensor (accessories):

- The frost protection function will be started when the outside temperature drops below approx. +5 °C. With active frost protection, the heating circuit pump is switched on and the boiler water is maintained at a lower temperature of approx. 20 °C.

Summer mode

The burner will only start when DHW is drawn.

Boiler water temperature sensor

The boiler water temperature sensor is connected to the control unit and built into the boiler.

Specification

Sensor type	Viessmann NTC 10 kΩ at 25 °C
Permissible ambient temperature	
– Operation	0 to +130 °C
– Storage and transport	–20 to +70 °C

Control unit specification

Rated voltage	230 V~
Rated frequency	50 Hz
Rated current	2 A
Protection class	I
Permissible ambient temperature	
– During operation	–5 to +40 °C Installation in living spaces or boiler rooms (standard ambient conditions)
– During storage and transport	–35 to +65 °C
Setting of electronic temperature limiter	100 °C (change not possible)
DHW temperature setting range	30 to 60 °C

Control unit accessories

Vitotrol 100 RT LV

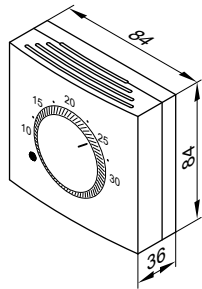
Part no. ZK01 502

Room thermostat with switching output (two-point output)

Install the Vitotrol 100 in the main living room on an internal wall opposite radiators, but not inside shelf units, recesses, immediately by a door or heat source (e.g. direct sunlight, fireplace, TV set, etc.).

Control unit connection:

- 2-core cable for low voltage

**Specification**

Rated voltage	24 V–
Rated breaking capacity of the contact	max. 200 mA
IP rating	IP 30 to EN 60529
	Ensure through design/installation
Permissible ambient temperature	
– During operation	0 to +50 °C
– During storage and transport	–20 to +60 °C
Set value setting range for standard mode and reduced mode	10 to 30 °C

Vitotrol 100, type UTA-LV

Part no. Z013 179

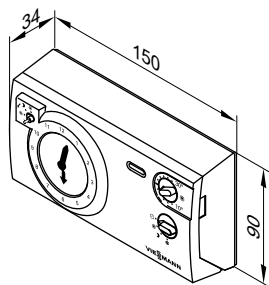
Room thermostat

- With switching output (two-point output)
- With analogue time switch
- With adjustable individual day program
- Standard switching times are factory-set (individually programmable)
- Shortest switching interval 15 minutes

Install the Vitotrol 100 in the main living room on an internal wall opposite radiators, but not inside shelf units, recesses, immediately by a door or heat source (e.g. direct sunlight, fireplace, TV set, etc.).

Control unit connection:

- 2-core cable for low voltage
- Rated voltage 24 V–

**Specification**

Rated voltage	3 V–
	2 LR6/AA batteries
Rated breaking capacity of the contact	max. 200 mA
IP rating	IP 20 to EN 60529
	Ensure through design/installation
Permissible ambient temperature	
– During operation	0 to +40 °C
– During storage and transport	–20 to +60 °C
Set value setting range for standard mode and reduced mode	10 to 30 °C
Set room temperature in standby mode	6 °C

Vitotrol 100, type UTA-RF

Part no. Z013 180

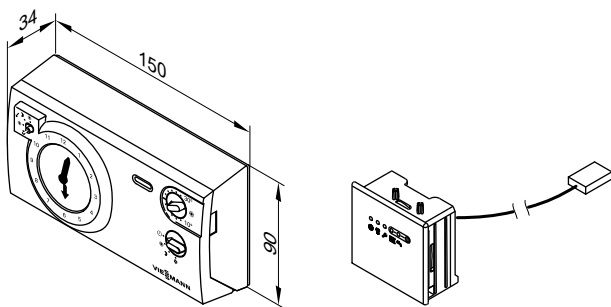
Room thermostat with integral wireless transmitter and separate wireless receiver

- With switching output (two-point output)
- With analogue time switch
- With adjustable individual day program

Installation in the main living room on an internal wall opposite radiators. Never install inside shelving units, in recesses, or immediately by a door or heat source (e.g. direct sunlight, fireplace, TV set, etc.). Operation independent of mains power supply

Wireless receiver for installation in the control unit support

Control unit accessories (cont.)



Specification

Rated voltage	3 V– 2 LR6/AA batteries
IP rating	IP 20 to EN 60529; ensure through design/installation
Permissible ambient temperature	
– During operation	0 to +40 °C
– During storage and transport	–20 to +60 °C
Set value setting range for standard mode and reduced mode	10 to 30 °C
Set room temperature in standby mode	6 °C

Vitotrol 100, type UTDB

Part no. Z007 691

Room temperature controller

- With switching output (two-point output)
- With digital time switch
- With individual day and seven-day program
- Operation with user prompts:
 - 3 preselected time programs, individually adjustable
 - Constant manual mode with adjustable set room temperature
 - Frost protection mode
 - Holiday program
- With buttons for party and economy mode

Installation in the main living room on an internal wall opposite radiators. Never install inside shelving units, in recesses, or immediately by a door or heat source (e.g. direct sunlight, fireplace, TV set, etc.).

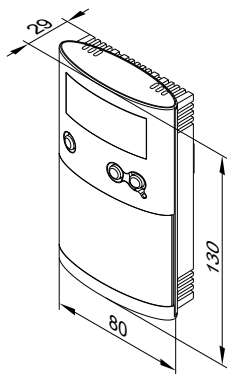
Operation independent of mains power supply

Control unit connection:

2-core lead for low voltage.

Specification

Rated voltage	3 V– 2 LR6/AA batteries
Rated breaking capacity of the floating contact	
– max.	6(1) A, 230 V~
– min.	1 mA, 5 V–
IP rating	IP 20 to EN 60529; ensure through design/installation
Function type	RS type 1B to EN 60730-1
Permissible ambient temperature	
– Operation	0 to +40 °C
– Storage and transport	–25 to +65 °C
Setting ranges	
– Comfort temperature	10 to 40 °C
– Setback temperature	10 to 40 °C
– Frost protection temperature	5 °C
Power reserve during battery change	3 min



Vitotrol 100, type UTDB-RF2

Part no. Z013 181

Room temperature controller with integral wireless transmitter and wireless receiver for installation in the control unit support

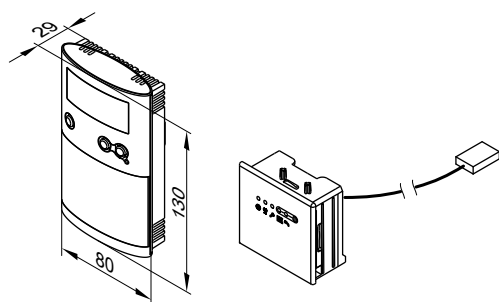
- With digital time switch
- With individual day and seven-day program
- Operation with user prompts:
 - 3 preselected time programs, individually adjustable
 - Constant manual mode with adjustable set room temperature
 - Frost protection mode
 - Holiday program
- With selector keys for party and economy mode

Installation in the main living room on an internal wall opposite radiators. Never install inside shelving units, in recesses, or immediately by a door or heat source (e.g. direct sunlight, fireplace, TV set, etc.).

Operation independent of mains power supply

Wireless receiver with relay state indication.

Control unit accessories (cont.)



Specification, room temperature controller

Rated voltage	3 V– 2 LR6/AA batteries
Transmission frequency	868 MHz
Transmission	< 10 mW
Range	Approx. 25 to 30 m inside buildings, subject to construc- tion
IP rating	IP 20 to EN 60529; ensure through design/installation

Function type	RS type 1B to EN 60730-1
Permissible ambient temperature	
– Operation	0 to +40 °C
– Storage and transport	–25 to +65 °C
Setting range	
– Comfort temperature	10 to 40 °C
– Setback temperature	10 to 40 °C
– Frost protection temperature	5 °C
Power reserve during battery change	3 min

Wireless receiver

- For installation in the control unit support
- With power cable and connector for connection to the control unit

Outside temperature sensor

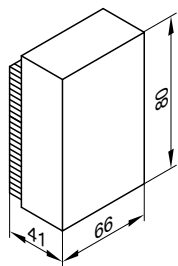
Part no. ZK01 505

Installation location:

- North or north-west facing wall of the building
- 2 to 2.5 m above the ground, for multi storey buildings in the upper half of the second floor

Connection:

- 2-core lead, length up to 35 m with a cross-section of 1.5 mm² (copper)
- Never route this lead immediately next to 230/400 V cables



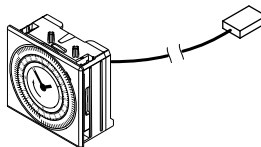
Specification

IP rating	IP 43 to EN 60529; ensure through design/installation
Sensor type	Viessmann NTC 10 kΩ, at 25 °C
Permissible ambient temperature dur- ing operation, storage and transport	–40 to +70 °C

Analogue time switch

Part no. ZK01 506

- Single channel time switch with individual day program
- For installation in the control unit support
- With connecting cable and plug for connection to the control unit

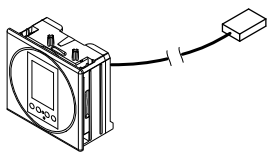


Digital time switch

Part no. ZK01 507

- Two-channel time switch with seven-day program
- For installation in the control unit support
- With connecting cable and plug for connection to the control unit

Control unit accessories (cont.)



Electrical terminal box 230 V

Part no. ZK02 156

Relays the heat demand from the room temperature controller (clock thermostat) to the OpenTherm connection of the control unit.

- For installation inside the control unit
- With connecting cable and plug for connection to the control unit
- With connecting cable for connection to the room temperature controller

Subject to technical modifications.

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